

Your child can compare two numbers between 1 and 10 presented as written numerals.

- Use comparative language such as “greater than,” “less than,” and “equal to” when comparing different groups of objects.
- Understand the term greater than means more than (a larger quantity) and less than means fewer (a smaller quantity).
- Use mathematical tools such as tens frames, counters, etc.

HELP AT HOME

- ▶ Using some type of counters (e.g., pennies, cubes), create two groups. Have your child compare the two groups using terms such as “greater than,” “less than,” or “equal to” for each comparison.